# Fundamental Cosmology\* with the SKA



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### Information encoded in cosmological perturbations

### Inflation

- spectral index, running: inflaton potential
- adiabatic vs. isocurvature perturbations: additional degrees of freedom
- non-Gaussianities: inflaton interactions



## Structure formation

#### • small scale power:

- neutrino masses, sterile neutrinos, warm dark matter (gravitinos etc.)
- linear growth factor: modified gravity theories

### **Expansion history**

 distances from BAO scales: dark energy equation of state, curvature

Limitation 1: sampling variance					
		$\delta P$ _	_ 1		
		$\overline{P}$ =	$=\overline{N_{ m modes}^{1/2}}$	5	
Range in z	$\Omega({ m sr})$	$N_{\rm modes}$	$\delta P/P$	Surveys	
0.0 - 0.2	3.0	$3 \times 10^4$	$6 \times 10^{-3}$	$SDSS, SKA_0$	
0.2 - 0.7	3.0	$8 \times 10^5$	$1 \times 10^{-3}$	BOSS	
0.2 - 2.0	0.06	$1 \times 10^5$	$3 \times 10^{-3}$	$SKA_1$	
0.2 - 2.0	6.0	$1 \times 10^7$	$3 imes 10^{-4}$	SKA <sub>2</sub> , BigBOSS, Euclid	
2.0 - 3.0	0.3	$6 \times 10^5$	$1 \times 10^{-3}$	HETDEX	
2.0 - 6.0	0.01	$7 \times 10^4$	a	$SKA_1$	
2.0 - 6.0	6.0	$4 \times 10^7$	$2 imes 10^{-4}$	$SKA_2$	
6.0 - 13.0	0.03	$2 \times 10^5$	Ь	$SKA_0$	
6.0 - 13.0	0.03	$2 \times 10^5$	$2 \times 10^{-3}$	$SKA_1$	<u> </u>
6.0 - 13.0	3.0	$2 \times 10^7$	$2  imes 10^{-4}$	$SKA_2$	201
13.0 - 30.0	0.03	$2 \times 10^5$	Ь	$SKA_1$	gs
13.0 - 30.0	3.0	$2 \times 10^7$	$2  imes 10^{-4}$	$SKA_2$	vlin
CMB	$11.0^{c}$	$2 \times 10^5$		WMAP, Planck	Rav

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# Cosmic variance limited 21cm-cosmology



Loeb & Wyithe 2008

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## Neutrino masses

- neutrinos suppress the power spectrum below free-streaming scale (several % at k > 0.1 h/Mpc for ~ 0.1 eV nu)
- cosmological bounds: sum of neutrino masses < 0.3 eV (Thomas et al. 2010)
- neutrino oscillations: at least one neutrino has mass > 0.05 eV
- need z>~ 1, k > 0.2 h/Mpc for analytical treatment of power spec. at % level
- SKA forecasts : Abdalla & Rawlings 2007



# **Primordial non-Gaussianity**

### Killing vanilla inflation

- Inflation predicts nearly Gaussian (independent k modes) curvature perturbations.
- Define amplitude f<sub>nl</sub> for (local type) non-Gaussianity:

 $\Phi(x) = \phi(x) + f_{\rm nl}(\phi^2(x) - \langle \phi^2(x) \rangle)$ 

 Vanilla (single field, slow roll, canonical kinetic term, standard vacuum,...) inflation predicts f<sub>nl</sub> = 0.015, hence any detection will kill vanilla inflation.

#### Mapping out the inflaton Lagrangian

- Different kinds of modifications (i.e., coupling of the inflaton to itself or other fields) produce distinct signatures in higher N-point functions (bispectrum etc.)
- Current discussion uses bispectrum shapes (local, folded, equilateral,...), but more precise language needed (perhaps based on Shellard et al.'s polyspectra)
- Perhaps the best (only?) way to learn about the inner workings of inflation

# Measuring primordial non-Gaussianity

#### CMB

- current best limit from CMB bispectrum (WMAP 7, Komatsu et al. 2010):  $f_{nl} = 32 \pm 21$
- Planck expected to give  $\Delta f_{nl} \sim 5$

#### Large-scale structure

- cluster mass function
- galaxy power spectrum: strong scale dependent bias (Dalal et al. 2008)
- this effect is already competitive with CMB (-29 < f<sub>nl</sub> < 70, Slosar et al. 2008; 25 < f<sub>nl</sub> < 117, Xia et al. 2010)</li>
  - strongest on large scales, need large volume
  - need strongly biased tracer, or combine 2 tracers to eliminate sampling variance (Seljak 2009), e.g. optical and HI ?
- galaxy bispectrum: potentially strongest constraints for non-local PNG



Marin et al. 2010

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Sefusatti et al. 2009

# Challenges for theory and simulations

### Modelling HI evolution

- so far mostly from semi-analytic models (e.g., Kim et al. 2010)
- hydro + N-body simulations: careful treatment of self shielding and subgrid physics needed (Duffy et al. 2011)
- need large computational volumes to predict large-scale HI bias

### Non-Gaussianity from LSS surveys

- define observables and estimators for general classes of non-Gaussianity (Fergusson, Regan, Shellard; ...)
- connect with effective field theories for inflation (Senatore, Zaldarriaga, Baumann, Green; ...)